Intro



RSGB 2020 Band Plan

QuickLinks:- Updated: January-2020

Recent Changes2018 ChangesOlder ChangesNotesLFMFHFVHFUHFMicrowavemmWave

NB: These band plans are largely based on those agreed at IARU Region-1 General Conferences with some local differences on frequencies above 430 MHz.

© 2020 Radio Society of Great Britain - all rights reserved

Recent Changes

2019 3-Dec-18 2M: Removal of old Microwave talkback from 144.175 3-Dec-18 2M: More generic Digital Usage term in place of AX25 or TCPIP usage on 144.925, 144.9375, 144.950 2M: Correction to Simplex Channel designation to V16-V47, (was V16-V48) 3-Dec-18 3-Dec-18 2M: Correction to Simplex Channel designation in Footnote-3 to V47 (was V46) 2020 11-Dec-19 60m: Editorial - Added hyperlink for 5MHz guidance page 70cm: Removal of BW limits in 430-431.9, 433.6-434.0, 435-440 to facilitate new digital modes 7-Dec-19 7-Dec-19 70cm: Added General Note re FM/DV bandwidth 7-Dec-19 70cm: Removal of CW-only EME centre. 432.0-432.1 now more generic CW/MGM 23cm: Deleted PSK31 CoA at 1296.138 9-Dec-19 9-Dec-19 23cm: Deleted redundant Notes 3 & 4 11-Dec-19 2mm: Added information note re NoV access to frequencies >275 GHz by Full Licensees 9-Dec-19 Notes Page: Added CoA definition Notes Page: SSB usage guidance editorial update to 7053 from 7043 9-Dec-19 Notes Page: Updated NoV bands reference to include 71 MHz and >275 GHz 11-Dec-19

Description

Date

2018 Changes

	3.2
Date	Description
45 D 47	COM- Nets 4 has WDO 45 Ferry and a said at and WDO mater added in Linear actions
15-Dec-17 15-Dec-17	60M: Note-4 has WRC-15 Frequencies added and WRC notes added in Usage column 60M: WSPR removed from 5290 kHz
15-Dec-17 15-Dec-17	60M: 5362-5370 UK Data usage note removed to avoid WRC-15 overlap, WSPR added
15-Dec-17	60M: 5403 USB usage deleted
15-Dec-17	2300 MHz: Updated Licence note as Channel Isles operation is now permitted under latest NoV terms
15-Dec-17	6M: Updated SBP description - deleted 'future'
15-Dec-17	6M: Deleted 50.6 RTTY
15-Dec-17	6M: Added new Note-6 for Digital Experimentation
15-Dec-17	2M: CW Band now starts at 144.100 not 144.110
15-Dec-17	2M: 144.138 PSK31 deleted
15-Dec-17	2M: Unified segments so SSB/MGM etc now runs rom 144.150-144.400
15-Dec-17	2M: Removed unnecessary extra line 144.195-144.205 MHz Random MS SSB as part of simplification
15-Dec-17	2M: Added Personal Weak Signal Beacons (144.491-144.493) in Beacon Guard band
15-Dec-17	2M: Removed 'centre' for Image modes as they are near a band edge
15-Dec-17	2M: Slight changes/clarifications to usage English for RAYNET, MS Calling, Note-7 etc
16-Dec-17	70cm: Beacon band upper limit corrected to IARU 432.490, from 432.500
16-Dec-17	70cm: Added 432.491-432.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
16-Dec-17	70cm: 434.4750-434.5250 MHz Internet voice gateways now DV only
16-Dec-17	70cm: 433.8000-434.2500 MHz Digital communications - ADDED '& Experiments'
16-Dec-17	70cm: Added 434.0000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
16-Dec-17	70cm: Added 438.8000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
16-Dec-17 16-Dec-17	70cm: Editorial - Merged usage for 433.7000-433.7750 MHz (Note 10) 70cm: 430.250-430.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Outputs
16-Dec-17	70cm: Added 439.250-439.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Outputs
16-Dec-17	70cm: Deleted 432.0880 MHz PSK31 centre of activity
10 DCC 17	Footh. Beletod 402.0000 WHZ 1 OROT centre of delivity
16-Dec-17	23cm: Added 1296.741-1296.743 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons
16-Dec-17	13cm: Updated Note-2 to add 2400-2402 alternative narrowband use in other countries
16-Dec-17	6cm: Introduce BW Column and reformat
16-Dec-17	6cm: Remove 5668 beacons and clarify names for preferred and alternative narrowband centres
16-Dec-17	Notes: Added 5MHz to 'No contests' bands
8-Jan-18	Highlighted Full Licensees Only on 600m, 60m, 146MHz, 2300MHz
8-Jan-18	60M: Clarify it is UK Usage Plan only. Further info - http://rsgb.org/main/operating/band-plans/hf/5mhz/
8-Jan-18	146MHz: Updated Power Limit from 25 to 50W
3-Dec-18	2M: Removal of old Microwave talkback from 144.175
3-Dec-18	2M: More generic Digital Usage term in place of AX25 or TCPIP usage on 144.925, 144.9375, 144.950
3-Dec-18	2M: Correction to Simplex Channel designation to V16-V47, (was V16-V48)
3-Dec-18	2M: Correction to Simplex Channel designation in Footnote-3 to V47 (was V46)

Older Changes

Dec-07	Description Changes to 75,500 – 76,000MHz allocation, deletion of usage between 142,000 – 144,000MHz Notes moved from "4rms down" worksheet to the new "Notes" worksheet. Notes thought the UNU Region 1 Band Plan
lav-05	added to this new worksheet. Changed the effectivity date for 40m band plan to 29/3/09 and amended all other to 1/1/09
ov-05 ov-05	Changed the note he date or contenence from which the band plan is taken - note that this change is made on each worksheet Controlled change to 40m band olan, inc notes on the same worksheet
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	Added in QRP CoA at 18,130kHz and 18,150kHz digital voice centre of activity to 17m plan Added in QRP CoA at 24,950kHz and 24,950kHz digital voice centre of activity to 12m plan
2V-05 2V-05	Adulas J. 2004-6- digital varias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito pilan Adulas J. 2004-6- digital varias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito pilan Adulas J. 2004-6- digital varias center of activity p. 15 pm juin Carpinal Anni (mily to Stito Parias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito pilan Comprise Anni (mily to Stito Parias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito pilan Comprise Anni (mily to Stito Parias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito pilan Comprise Anni (mily to Stito Parias Curter of Anni (mily to Stito
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	Complete change to 13641c plan 6M Bard Plan: added 50 400MHz: WSPR beacons 6M Bard Plan: 30 100 400MHz: WSPR beacons 7M Bard Plan: 30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	OM Band Plant: 51.210-51.410MHz: added DV to FM repeater inputs - (Note 4) GM Band Plant: 51.210-51.410MHz: added DV to FM repeater inputs - (Note 4) GM Band Plant: 51.420-51.500MHz: added DV to FM simplex channels - (Note 4) also added simplex for clarification All Result Plant: 51.420-51.500MHz: added DV to FM simplex channels - (Note 4) also added simplex for clarification
2V-05	GM Bard Plan: added IARU common channels' designation to internet gateways: GM Bard Plan: Added Note 4 4M Bard Plan: 70.000M/s: added WSPR beacons
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	2M Bard Plan: DELETED 144.000-144.035 MHz Moonbource (EME) sackusive 2M Bard Plan: DELETED 144.120-144.150 MHz Moonbource (EME) MGM (JTEO) 2M Bard Plan: DELETED 144.150-144.150 MHz FAI and Moonbource (EME) MGM SSB
7V-05 7V-05 7V-05	Oll food Time Assistant Nat. 4 Market Plann 1200000000000000000000000000000000000
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	2M Band Plan: 144.150-144.150MHz: added Telegraphy, MGM and SSB to Usage column 2M Band Plan: 144.050-144.500MHz: added 144.4955MHz +> 500MHz WSPR beacons and beacon guard band 2M Band Plan: 144.500-145.1535MHz: added 07 to FM receiver incuts + (Notice 5)
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	2M Band Plan: 145.5025-145.7935Mrbz: added DV to FM repeater outputs 2M Band Plan: 145.200-145.9335Mrbz: added DV to FM simplex channels + (Note 5)(Note-6) 2M Band Plan: 145.200-145.9335Mrbz: added DV to FM simplex channels + (Note 5)(Note-6) 2M Band Plan: added 146.4 (25) Mrb I EX District (Note 5)(Note 5)(N
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	2M Band Plan: added 1ARU Common Channels' designation to 145MHz Internet Gateways 2M Band Plan: added Note 5
20-05 70-05	2M Based Fluor, added Molo G 2M Based Fluor, added Molo G 2M Based Fluor, added Molo B 2M Based Fluor, added Molo B
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	Tiom Band Plan: 434.0340-434.0010: added DV to FM repeater outputs + (Note 12) Tiom Band Plan: 435.3040-435.5010MHz added DV to FM simplex channels + (Note 12), (Note 13)
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	201 Base IP Mm. sobolt Basel. 2013 10 o date IP to IP M repeate nacybox. From Base IP Mm. 2014 10 o
7V-05 7V-05 7V-05	Zinch burd (Mrs. statel Mans. 5. 6 Zinch burd (Mrs. statel Mans. 5. 6 Zinch burd (Mrs. statel Mans. 5. 6 Zinch burd (Mrs. statel Mrs. s
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	Ziom Band Plan: added OV to FM Repeater and Simplex segments (Notes-5, 6) plus reformating Ziom Band Plan: added 1AU common channels' designation to 1227 FM Cateways Ziom Band Plan: added 1226.750-1296.800 Local Beacons, 10W exp max
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	13cm Band Plan: added 2330.750-2330.800 Local Beacona, 10W esp max Som band Plan: added migration of EME activity from 3455 to 3400MHz + (Note 1) Som Band Plan: added 3400.750-3400.800 and designations for Local & Propagation Beacons
2V-05 2V-05 2V-05 2V-05	9cm Band Plan: DELETED 3466 MHz designation Scm Band Plan: added 3400.750-3400.800 and designations for Local & Propagation Beacons Scm Band Plan: added 1 w 3400.3410 & 3410-3475MHz segments (Notes-2.3)
2V-05	Som Band Plan: added Nois 2 and Note 3 Com Band Plan: added 4500 MHz designations for Local & Propagation Beacons and 5005.8 usage Som Band Plan: added 10388.750-10308.000 and designations for Local & Propagation Beacons 12mm Band Plan: added 24048.750-24048.000 and designations for Local & Propagation Beacons
2V-05 2V-05	12mm Band Plan: added 24048.750-24048.800 and designations for Local & Propagation Seasons Formating corrections on most microsease bands for Service/User descriptions Added Digital Voice DV note to main Notes page 40m Band Plan: Clastified Amster Calability Service Licence Note for 7.1-7.2 MHz
	Adm Band Plan: Clarified Annature Satellite Service Licence Note for 7.1-7.2 MHz Added 50.636MHz for Digital Voice
ec-05 ec-05 ec-05 ec-05 ec-05 ec-05 en-09	40m Bland Planic Carlotte Annature Statistic Services Loonen Nation 19.7.7.2 Mete Acade 50.00008/et on Joping Noves Acade 50.00008/et on Joping Noves Acade 50.0008/et on Joping Noves Tom Band Planic removal relationate to 30 Met necessary barriedeth at 455.000-486.00009/et Acide rister Where no Statistic in Invidual, Frontiest argument benderin on Industry 17.17 - 7.2009412* Editorial Carlotte Statistics (Noves 100 Mete 200 M
	commun cranges to sub-hasider and some cell formatting changes. Type corrections on 2.3GHz Note-2 and 3.4 GHz Note-1 Conscied GHP freq on 17m band to 160604tz
ec-09 ec-09	Conscind CRP fing on 17m band to 16085Hz Added 31,516MHz FM calling Inspansy Amended Notes 386 in the 23cm Band Plan (sep for 1240/1MHz & 12869MHz areas) to emphasise replanning Added new Note 4 to 2410-3473MHz range
ec-09 ec-09 an-10	Assented Nelson Mark 1942 2000 Book Plan (sep for 124/UMPA E. 1920/EMPA e away) to emphasion explanering Commonth Restrouted for the 2005 are of Natura page. Added Restracts and 1.5 (241) 184 (1941
an-10 an-10 an-10 an-10	Highlighted 432.8000-432.9000 MHz line in RED and made the words nead "UK Beacons (Note 9)" Changed the word 'Bandplain' to "Band Plan" in "Yolds" worksheet "Experimentation with NBFM Packet Radio on 29 MHz"; 20.210 changed to 29.210 & "included"
eo-11	40M: Added Note 2 on Data and PSK31 at 7040M:r+ since the 2009 re-clan
ec-11 ec-11	40M: Deleted CW contest preferred segment; reformatized 7,000-7,100 MHz 10M: Amended PMReparater channels as per Sun City 2011 6M: 50,000-50,000 MHz ranger changes as per Sin City 2011
80-11 80-11	6M: 50.700-52.000 MHz changes for RAYNET, 25MHz and added IARU Repeater Outputs 4M: Changes to narrowband and beacon frequencies
so-11 so-11 so-11	20th Footnote 10 added for 144.975/145.575 T0cm: Footnote 10 smended for RAYNET Changes
BO-11	Toom: Deleted MPT1327 designation or UNI V control or activity Toom: Deleted MPT1327 designations, Added V9 SMP4: split repeaters (approx freqs) Z3om: Widespread changes to data and repeater allocations -inc new Note 9
so-11 so-11 so-11	28 Foreign 13 Adelector BANET CHAPTER (1994) 28 Foreign 13 Adelector BANET CHAPTER (1994) 70 Foreign 13 Adelector BANET CHAPTER (1994) 70 Foreign 14 Adelector BANET (1994) 71 Foreign 14 Adelector BANET (1994) 72 Foreign 14 Adelector BANET (1994) 73 Foreign 14 Adelector BANET (1994) 74 Foreign 14 Adelector BANET (1994) 75 Forei
ec-11	
pr-12 pr-12 pr-12	Consisted Telegraphy typos for 80 and 20th band Clasty VHP calling these, DY or PM operating (added Note-12) Removed reduction AM forcins from 20th rem 20th
lul-12	4M: Corected WSPR beacons frequency typo (from 70.001 to 70.000 MHz) 2M: Updated band plan for Digital Communications in 1448-1450 MHz (exp for EV & FM Internet Gateways) 2M: 145.2125 specifically for FM Gateways (though assignments may be reduced to protect 145.200 MHz E-5 uplinic
lul-12 lul-12 ec-12	2M: 145.2125 specifically for PM Gateways. (though assignments may be reduced to protect 145.200 MHz E-S uplinite Added letro Tab
ec-12 ec-12 ec-12	Amendments Tab split into Latest and Older Changes Tabs
ec-12	2M: amended 144.600 RTTY to Centre of Activity, DELETED superfluous second 144.600 RTTY line 13cm: Added Note-4 and highlight due to spectrum release expected in 2350-2390 MHz
80-12 80-12 80-12 80-12 80-12	Americal Biolius Tab for chimicania in 20 Ali Questino, 475A-5 (2004); 230A-5, 240A- 2004 americal 14400 (2017) in Circular alim, (2017) in Circu
ec-12 ec-12	80M: Added missing 2.7kHz Bandwidth test at 3.775-3.800kHz.
ec-12 ec-12 ec-12	600M: Amended Nois-3 to Linkly AM usage/barcheldth 20.24: Addin Older 16-50.25 PM Gateestys Türn: Nois-1-4 added for ASTANES DATY Türn: Nois-1-4 added for ASTANES DATY Türn: Nois-1-50.25 PM Gateestys Türn: Nois-1-50.25 P
so-12 sn-13	Ziern: Note-10 added for Ziern DATV Person Note-10 added for Ziern DATV Updated forto Tab and now Gion tab Updated forto Tab, page mangina
lul-13 lul-13 lul-13 lul-13	10M: Removed downlink-only restriction on 29.3-29.5 MHz Ameleur Satellites 60M: highlighted line added for 5200 kHz Beacons and WSPR
lul-13 lul-13 lul-13	1988. Remound develor-keyl yeardiscips on 20.25.0.5.86 A resolved Saddlisso 6004 highlygistics for selled for 502 bit 19. Bassace and 19.02 his 604. Fig. development on 19.00 bits 64. Bassach 44.00 bits 64. Bassach 40.00 bits 64. Bassach
lul-13 lul-13	201: IMPULICITIENT LIBERT BIBLISTED STATES CONTROL THE ADVICE CONTROL
lul-13 lul-13 lul-13	Torm: Delation of ASS-6-422.8 Linear Transponder Cutputs 158641: - Power time last amenated to 'stry' as par Lifk Ceases, from 'stry' 60M: Added UK Frequency Usage notes for CW CRP, Emergency Comma and Data modes 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for its to below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for its to below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for its to below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for its to below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for the below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for the below this less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for the below the less 60M: Moved all rendesiblatoridation for the below the less of the less o
lul-13 lul-13	GM: Added Note-6 re migration of Gateways from 51.9 MHz, to 50.5 MHz IARU Common Channels
2V-13 2V-13 2V-13 2V-13	GM: 51.9 MHz Gateways and Note-6 deleted, following migration to 50.5 MHz IARU Common channels. GM: Marged MRU-aligned Repeater Cutysta at 51.5MHz to a single block following Gateway migrations to 50.5MHz 2M: 144.8155 Mhz now MRU Common channels for Digitatives (involved for 144.875) 2M: 144.875 Mhz vacant channel now 'bd' following completion of MRU DV Gateway alignments.
2v-13 2v-13 2v-13	28: 144.875 MHz vacant channel now 'bd' following completion of UNIU DV Cateway alignments 28: Updated Note-14 to emphasian NBFM uses of 144.800 28: Added Note-15 to indicate 144.875 - 144.975 designations are subject to review and potential change 6038: Added SJ 371 MHz - AMI 66Hz max. bendfolded.
80-13 80-13	20x. Added Note-15 to Indicate 144.03 - 144.07 dataparators are subject to review and posetral change 50th: Added 5,171 fets - AM Softer max. bandedith 50th: Added 5,403.5kHz - USB common international frequency
an-15 an-15	Notes: Tab - MGM and WSPR notes added Notes: Tab - revised test for 472 MHz, 2.3GHz and 3.4GHz due to licence changes
an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15	Name Tab Nation and York Protest solding of the Protest State of the Name Tab Nation of the Protest State of the Name Tab Name Ta
an-15 an-15	600M: Inserted new usage note for 472-475 and 475-479 60M: Liserating notes arranded to refer to new licence serres, not NoV 1004: 20,000-2,000 arranded to 66ths all modes and accommodate AM usage
an-15 an-15 an-15	4M: RTTY designation removed from 70.300 MHz
an-15 an-15	2M: 144.050 MHz. Telegraphy calling renormed to Centre 2M: 144.350 MHz. SSE calling now Centre 2M: 144.350 MHz. SSE calling now Centre 2M: 144.550 MHz. SSE calling now Centre
an-15 an-15	2M: 144.525 MHz ATV 55B Tall-back deleted 2M: Note-5 simplified for 144.550 AM usage 2M: 144.001 PTV sessented to 15th center of the 15th center o
in-15 in-15 in-15 in-15 in-15 in-15	28. Addition from VH (200 AH 200 AH 2
an-15	20b. 144.025-144.050 packet updated 20b. 144.075 widehed packet deleted, future usage thd 20b. 146.2126 FM Internet Calenways deleted, Note-13 biterios 20b. 146.2126 FM Internet Calenways deleted, Note-13 biterios 20b. 146.2106 FM Internet Calenways deleted, Note-13 biterios 20b. 146.250 FM Internet Calenways deleted, Note-13 biterios 2
an-15 an-15 an-15	2M: 145.5875 included for Note-11 2M: Note-15 deleted following Packet review
an-15 an-15	13cm: Removed 2300-2300 MHz and Note-4 13cm: Realigrad usage and Note-1 in 2321-22 to FMDV as per IARU-R1 plan and to act as a namowband guardband 13cm: Removed RME and Interfer (search in 2700-240)
an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15	Claim Removed 200-2010 MHz and MHzd. 210 FMQXV or you MHZd31 gins and to add as a nemenhand geardfund- than Removed ESR in Intelligence of the ST and
an-15 an-15 an-15	Scrit Restroyee 3410-475 Mrt and Nose-4 Scrit Added Innahelidith Column Scrit Revised usage notes, including addition of DATV repeater outputs
an-15 an-15 an-15	Som: Deleted Note-1 as wideband usage is to be aligned based on Note-2 Som: Removed obsolete linear transcender, recester and datalink usage
an-15 an-15	3cm: Added current TV and Voice Repeater usage 3cm: Revised 10-10.125 GHz - including yellow highlight and new Note-4 for Primary User issues
an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15 an-15	Notes Tain - 4550 near softent, yellow hippolips updated. There Neiss-Tail PM Collection and removated from 4533700 Meter Thom 4522 Delta PAT Administral Thom 4220 Delta PAT Administral Thom 4220 Delta PAT Administral Thom 4320 delta PAT administral Thom 4320 delta PAT administral Thom 540 delta PAT administration of the ATM ATMINISTRAL Thom 740 delta PAT administration of the ATMINISTRAL Thom 740 delta PATMINISTRAL THOM 740 delta PATMINISTRA
	T0cm: 432.600 and 433.600 RTTY deleted T0cm: Added missing Licence power restriction for 430-432 MHz T0cm: Float dpc in Note-1 for case of \(\(\omega \).
an-15	23072334H L. FOWER HITE CONSCIEN
an-15 an-15	Titler: Updated 430.0123-430.0730 MHz Calmentys to refer to Note-3 Titler: Updated 430.0123-430.0730 MHz Calmentys to refer to Note-3 Titler: Updated 431.0730-431.1730 MHz Calmentys to refer to Note-3 Titler: Updated 431.0730-431.1730 MHz Calmentys to refer to Note-3
ar15	Them, Lighted Nade Stor del Harmer Gillemany as 12 Set Christon, 507 (1987) may, detended-only form Lighted of 1376-41 (1789 956 Camery as refer to Name 3. From Lighted of 1376-41 (1789 956 Camery as refer to Name 3. From Lighted of 1376-44 (1789 956 Camery as refer to Name 3. From Lighted OS 1476-44 (1789 956 Camery as refer to Name 3. From 1476-44 (1789 Camery as refer to N
an-15 an-15	
	10M: 29.530 Internet Cateways deleted from IARU Repeater segment 10M: 29.630 Internet Cateways deleted from IARU Repeater segment
ov-15 ov-15 ov-15	10M: 29.210 Internet Gateways moved to 29.280
ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15	10M: 29.270 Internet Gateways Channel added
ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15	1008: 22.270 Internet Gallerway Channel added 1008: Added 32W (15dBW) max Licenson Power limit note for 1859-2000 MHz 48x Added 100W (22dBW) Power limit of 58 68x Added 100W (20dBW) Power limit to 51 C3 MHz Licenson note 68x Added 100W (20dBW) Power limit to 51 C3 MHz Licenson note
un-15 un-15 un-15 un-15 un-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15	10M: 29.270 Internet Gateways Channel added
ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15 ov-15	15th 2-217 Disnert Claimany Chard states (15th 2-217 Disnert Claimany Chard states (15th 2-217 Disnert Claimany Chard states (15th 2-217 Disnert Claiman) (15th 2
29-15 29-15	500. 2017 Section of Contract Author Section 1 (1997) Sec
29-15 20-15 20-15 20-15 20-15 20-15 20-15 20-15	500. 2017/3 Neurol Gazerapo Charol adelle Charol and les 1500.000 We del Adelle 1000 CHAROL AND LES 1500.000 CHAROL A

Notes

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R radio regulation RR 1.152 and Recommendation SM.328 (extract):

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

liate Licence holders are advised to check their licences for the permitted power limits and conditions applicable to their class of licence

CW, SSB and those modes listed as Centres of Activity, plus AM (Consideration should be given to All Modes

Image Modes Any analogue or digital image modes within the appropriate bandwidth, for example SSTV and Fax

Narrow band All modes using up to 500Hz bandwidth, including CW, RTTY, PSK, etc

Any digital mode used within the appropriate bandwidth, for example RTTY, PSK, MT63, etc Below 10MHz use lower sideband (LSB), above 10MHz use upper sideband (USB). Note the lowes dial settings for LSB Voice modes are 1843, 3603 and 7053kHz on 160, 80 and 40m. Note that on

Sideband usage 5MHz USB is used.

Amplitude

Digimodes

MGM

WSPR

Amplitude Modulation (AM) with a bandwidth greater than 2.7kHz is acceptable in the all-modes segments provided users consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies Modulation (AM) (Davos 2005)

Extended SSB Extended SSB (eSSB) is only acceptable in the all-modes segments provided users consider adjacent (eSSB)

Users of Digital Voice (DV) should check that the channel is not in use by other modes Digital Voice (DV) (CT08 C5 Rec20).

FM Repeater & CTCSS Access is recommended. Toneburst access is being withdrawn in line with IARU-R1 **Gateway Access** Propagation Beacon Sub-bands are highlighted - Please avoid transmitting in them!!

M(achine) G(enerated) M(ode) indicates those transmission modes relying fully on computer processing such as RTTY, AMTOR, PSK31, JTxx, FSK441 and the like. This does not include Digital Voice (DV) or Digital Data (DD)

Above 30 MHz, WSPR frequencies in the band plan are the centre of the transmitted frequency (not the suppressed carrier frequency or the VEO dial setting).

CW QSOs are accepted across all bands, except within beacon segments (Recommendation DV05_C4_Rec_13)

Contest activity shall not take place on the 5, 10, 18 and 24MHz bands

Non-contesting radio amateurs are recommended to use the contest-free HF bands (30, 17 and 12m) during the largest international contests (DV05 C4 Rev 07)

The term "automatically controlled data stations" include Store and Forward stations.

Transmitting frequencies

The announced frequencies in the band plan are understood as "transmitted frequencies" (not those of the suppressed carrier!)

Centre of Activity
(CoA)

A guide to where users of a particular mode or activity tend to operate. The bandplan does not give such users precedence over other modes or activities

Unmanned transmitting stations
IARU member societies are requested to limit this activity on the HF bands. It is recommended that any unmanned transmitting stations on HF shall only be activated under operator control except for beacons agreed with the IARU Region 1 Beacon Coordinator, or specially licensed experimental stations.

472-479 kHz

Access is available to Full Licensees only - see licence schedule for additional conditions

Radio Amateurs in countries that have a SSB allocation ONLY below 1840kHz, may continue to use it, but the National Societies in those countries are requested to take all necessary steps with their licence administrations to adjust phone allocations in accordance with the Region 1 Band Plan (UBA - Davos 2005)

3.5MHz

Inter-Continental operations should be given priority in the segments 3500 - 3510kHz and 3775 - 3800kHz

Where no DX traffic is involved, the contest segments should not include 3500 - 3510kHz or 3775 - 3800kHz. Member societies will be permitted to set other (lower) limits for national contests (within these limits).

3510 - 3600kHz may be used for unmanned ARDF beacons (CW, A1A) (Recommendation DV05 C4 Rec 12)

Member societies should approach their national telecommunication authorities and ask them not to allocate other than amateur stations in the band segment that IARU has assigned to interconti

5MHz

Access is available to Full Licensees only - see licence schedule for additional condtions

The band segment 7040 - 7060kHz may be used for automatic controlled data stations (unattended) traffic in the areas of Africa south from the equator during local daylight hours.

Where no DX traffic is involved, the contest segment should not include 7,175 - 7,200kHz.

SSB may be used during emergencies involving the immediate safety of life and property and only by stations actually involved in the handling of emergency traffic

The band segment 10120kHz to 10140kHz may be used for SSB transmissions in the area of Africa south of the equator during local daylight hours

News bulletins on any mode should not be transmitted on the 10MHz band.

28MHz

Member societies should advise operators not to transmit on frequencies between 29.3 and 29.51MHz to avoid interference to amateur satellite downlinks

Experimentation with NBFM Packet Radio at 29MHz:
Preferred operating frequencies on each 10kHz from 29.210 to 29.290MHz inclusive should be used. A deviation of +/- 2.5kHz being used with 2.5kHz as maximum modulation frequency

1.3GHz
The band is subject to re-planning. It is also shared with air traffic radar

2.3 GHz (2310-2350 and 2390-2400MHz)

subject to specific licence conditions and guidance - see also the Ofcom PSSR statement

3.4GHz (3400-3410 MHz)

ecific licence conditions and guidance - see also the Ofcom PSSR statement

Innovation Bands: 70.5-71.5 MHz, 146-147 MHz, 2300-2302 MHz and >275 GHz Access to these bands requires an appropriate NoV, which is available to Full Licens

136kHz

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2013)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

136 kHz	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
135.7-137.8 kHz	200	CW, QRSS and narrow-band digital modes
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service - Secondary User. 1 Watt (0 dBW) erp		

R.R. 5.67B The use of the band 135.7-137.8kHz in Algeria, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Lebanon, Syrian Arab Reput Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia is limited to fixed and maritime mobile services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in the band 135.7-137.8kHz, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorising such use (WRC-12)

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

IARU Region-1 does not have a formal band plan for this allocation, but has a usage recommendation (Note-1)

Access to this band is available to Full Licensees only

472 kHz (600m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
472-479kHz	500	CW, QRSS and narrow-band digital modes (Note-1)
(Note-2)		

Note-1: Usage recommendation: - 472-475 kHz CW-only 200Hz max BW, 475-479 kHz - CW & Digimodes

Note-2: It should be emphasised that this band is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

UK amateurs should be aware that some overseas stations may be restricted in their use of transmit frequency in order avoid interference to nearby radionavigation service Non-Directional Beacons

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service Secondary User. Full Licensees only - 5 Watts eirp maximum Note that specific conditions regarding this band are specified by the Licence Schedule notes

R.R. 5.80B The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comor Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC 12)

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2016)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

1.8 MHz (160m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
1,810-1,838 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy
1,838-1,840	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
1,840-1,843	2.7 kHz	All modes
1,843-2,000	2.7 kHz	Telephony (Note 1), Telegraphy
		1,836 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity,
		1,960 kHz DF Contest beacons (14dBW)

Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 1,843 kHz.

AX25 packet should not be used on the 1.8 MHz band.

LICENCE NOTES: 1,810-1,850 kHz Primary User: 1810-1830 kHz on a non-interference basis to stations outside of the UK.

1,850-2,000 kHz Secondary User: 32W (15dBW) Maximum

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

3.5 MHz (80m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
3,500-3,510 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy - Priority for inter-continental operation
3,510-3,560	200 Hz	Telegraphy - contest preferred. 3,555 kHz - QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity
3,560-3,570	200 Hz	Telegraphy 3,560 kHz - QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
3,570-3,580	200 Hz	Narrow band modes
3,580-3,590	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
3,590-3,600	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
3,600-3,620	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended), (Note 1)
3,600-3,650	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred, (Note 1). 3,630kHz - digital voice Center of Activity
3,650-3,700	2.7 kHz	All modes - Telephony, Telegraphy
		3,663 kHz may be used for UK emergency comms traffic.
		3,690 kHz SSB QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.
3,700-3,775	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred
		3,735 kHz Image mode Centre of Activity
		3,760 kHz IARU Region 1 Emergency Centre of Activity
3,775-3,800	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred
		Priority for inter-continental telephony (SSB) operation
Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 3,603 kHz.		

LICENCE NOTES: Primary User: Shared with other user services:

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Usage Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

Access to this band is available to Full Licensees only

See Licence Schedule notes for specific conditions

5 MHz (60m)	Available	UK Usage
	Width	
5258.5 - 5264.0 kHz	5.5 kHz	5262 kHz - CW QRP Centre of Activity
5276.0 - 5284.0	8 kHz	5278.5 kHz - may be used for UK emergency comms traffic
5288.5 - 5292.0	3.5 kHz	Beacons on 5290 kHz (Note-2)
5298.0 - 5307.0	9 kHz	
5313.0 - 5323.0	10 kHz	5317 kHz - AM 6kHz max. bandwidth
5333.0 - 5338.0	5 kHz	
5354.0 - 5358.0	4 kHz	Within WRC-15 Band
5362.0 - 5374.5	12.5 kHz	Partly within WRC-15 band, WSPR
5378.0 - 5382.0	4 kHz	
5395.0 - 5401.5	6.5 kHz	
5403.5 - 5406.5	3 kHz	

Unless indicated, usage is all-modes (necessary bandwidth to be within channel limits)

Note 1: Upper Sideband is recommended for SSB activity.

Note 2: Activity should avoid interference to the experimental beacons on 5290 kHz

Note 3: Amplitude Modulation is permitted with a maximum bandwidth of 6kHz, on frequencies with at least 6kHz available width

Note 4: Contacts within the UK should avoid the WRC-15 band (5351.5 - 5366.5 kHz) if possible

For the latest current guidance refer to the RSGB website

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only Secondary User: 100W max

Note that specific conditions regarding operating, transmission bandwidth, power and antennas are specified in the Licence

Notes to the Usage Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2012)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

7 MHz (40m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
7,000-7,040 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy. 7,030 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity
7,040-7,047	500 Hz	Narrow band modes (Note 2)
7,047-7,050	500 Hz	Narrow band modes, automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
7,050-7,053	2.7 kHz	All modes, automatically controlled data stations (unattended), (Note 1)
7,053-7,060	2.7 kHz	All modes, digimodes
7,060-7,100	2.7 kHz	All modes, SSB Contest Preferred Segment
		digital voice 7,070kHz; SSB QRP Centre of Activity 7,090 kHz
7,100-7,130	2.7 kHz	All modes, 7,110kHz - Region 1 Emergency Centre of Activity.
7,130-7,200	2.7 kHz	All modes, SSB Contest Preferred Segment; 7,165kHz - Image Centre of Activity
7,175-7,200	2.7 kHz	All modes, priority for intercontinental operation

Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 7,053 kHz.

Note 2: PSK31 activity starts from 7,040kHz.

Since 2009, the narrow band modes segment starts at 7,040kHz.

LICENCE NOTES: 7,000-7,100 kHz Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.

7,100-7,200 kHzAmateur Service - Primary User.

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

10 MHz (30m)	Neccesary Bandwidth	UK Usage
10,100-10,130 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy (CW)
		10,116 kHz - QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
10,130-10,150		Narrow band modes
		Automatically controlled data stations (unattended) should avoid the use of the 10 MHz band

The 10 MHz band is allocated to the Amateur Service only on a Secondary basis. The IARU has agreed that only CW and other narrow bandwidth modes are to be used on this band. Likewise the band is not to be used for contests and bulletins.

SSB may be used on the 10 MHz band during emergencies involving the immediate safety of life and property, and only by stations actually involved with the handling of emergency traffic. The band segment 10,120-10,140 kHz may only be used for SSB transmissions in the area of Africa south of the equator during local daylight hours.

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service - Secondary User.

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

14MHz (20m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
14,000-14,060 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy - contest preferred
		14,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy Centre of Activity
14,060-14,070	200 Hz	Telegraphy
		14,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
14,070-14,089	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
14,089-14,099	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
14,099-14,101		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons
14,101-14,112	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
14,112-14,125	2.7 kHz	All modes (excluding digimodes)
14,125-14,300	2.7 kHz	All modes - SSB contest preferred segment
		14,130kHz - digital voice centre of activity
		14,195+- 5 kHz Priority for Dxpeditions
		14,230 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.
		14,285 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity
14,300-14,350	2.7 kHz	All modes
		14,300 kHz Global Emergency Centre of Activity
LICENCE NOTES: A		
14,000-14,250 kHz Amateur Satellite Service - Primary User.		

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

18 MHz (17m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
18,068-18,095 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy 18,086 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.
18,095-18,105	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
18,105-18,109	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
18,109-18,111		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons
18,111-18,120	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
18,120-18,168	2.7 kHz	All modes, 18,130kHz SSB QRP centre of activity
		18,150kHz digital voice centre of activity
		18,160 kHz Global Emergency Centre of Activity
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.		
The band is not to be used for contests or bulletins.		

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

21 MHz (15m)	Neccesary Bandwidth	UK Usage
21,000-21,070 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy
		21,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity.
		21,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
21,070-21,090	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
21,090-21,110	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
21,110-21,120	2.7 kHz	All modes (excluding SSB) -automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
21,120-21,149	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
21,149-21,151		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons
21,151-21,450	2.7 kHz	All modes.
		21,180kHz - digital voice centre of activity
		21,285 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity.
		21,340 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.
		21,360 kHz - Global Emergency Centre of Activity
LICENCE NOTES: A	Amateur and Am	ateur Satellite Service- Primary User .

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

24 MHz (12m)	Necessary	UK Usage	
	Bandwidth		
24,890-24,915 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy	
		24,906 kHz QRP (low power) centre of activity	
24,915-24,925	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
24,925-24,929	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
24.929-24.931		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons	
24,931-24,940	2700	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
24,940-24,990	2700	All modes, 24,950kHz SSB QRP Centre of Activity	
		24,960kHz digital voice centre of activity	
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.			
The band is not to be	used for conte	sts or bulletins.	

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

28 MHz (10m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
28,000-28,070 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy	
		28,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity.	
		28,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.	
28,070-28,120	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
28,120-28,150	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended	
28,150-28,190	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
28,190-28,199		IBP - regional time shared beacons	
28,199-28,201		IBP - world wide time shared beacons	
28,201-28,225		IBP - continuous-duty beacons	
28,225-28,300	2.7 kHz	All modes - beacons	
28,300-28,320	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
28,320-29,000	2.7 kHz	All modes	
		28,330 kHz - Digital Voice centre of activity	
		28,360 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity.	
		28,680 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.	
29,000-29,100	6 kHz	All modes	
29,100-29,200	6 kHz	All modes - FM simplex - 10 kHz channels	
29,200-29,300	6 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
		29,270 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended	
		29,280 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended	
		29,290 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended	
29,300-29,510	6 kHz	Satellite links	
29,510-29,520		Guard channel	
29,520-29,590	6 kHz	All modes - FM repeater inputs (RH1-RH8)	
29,600	6 kHz	All modes - FM calling channel	
29,610	6 kHz	All modes - FM simplex repeater (parrot) - input and output	
29,620-29,700	6 kHz	All modes - FM repeater outputs (RH1-RH8)	
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User: 26dBW permitted			
Beacons may be esta	ablished for D.F	. competitions except within 50km of NGR SK985640 (Waddington)	

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

50 MHz (6m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
50.000-50.100	500 Hz	Telegraphy Only (except for Beacon Project) Note-2	
		50.000-50.030 MHz reserved for Synchronised Beacon Project (Note 2)	
		Region-1: 50.000-50.010; Region-2: 50.010-50.020; Region-3: 50.020-50.030	
		50.050 MHz Future International Centre of Activity	
		50.090 MHz Intercontinental DX Centre of Activity (Note 1)	
50.100-50.200	2.7 kHz	SSB/Telegraphy - International Preferred	
		50.100-50.130 MHz Intercontinental DX Telegraphy & SSB (Note 1)	
		50.110 MHz Intercontinental DX Centre of Activity	
		50.130-50.200 MHz General International Telegraphy & SSB	
		50.150 MHz International Centre of Activity	
50,200-50,300	2.7 kHz	SSB/Telegraphy - General Usage	
		50.285 MHz Crossband Centre of Activity	
		, ,	
50.300-50.400	2.7 kHz	MGM/Narrowband/Telegraphy	
		50.305 MHz PSK Centre of Activity	
		50.310-50.320 MHz EME	
		50.320-50.380 MHz MS	
50.400-50.500		Propagation Beacons Only	
50.500-52.000	12.5 kHz	All Modes.	
50.500-52.000	12.5 KHZ	50.510 MHz SSTV (AFSK)	
		50.520 MHz Internet voice gateway (10 kHz channels), (IARU common channel)	
		50.530 MHz Internet voice gateway (10 kHz channels), (IARU common channel)	
		50.540 MHz Internet voice gateway (10 kHz channels), (IARU common channel)	
		50.550 MHz Image/Fax working frequency	
		100.000 Miliz Illiagon ax working noquonoy	
		50.620-50.750 MHz Digital communications	
		50.630 MHz Digital Voice (DV) calling	
		50.710-50.890 MHz FM/DV Repeater Outputs (10 kHz channel spacing)	
		54 040 54 000 MHz. FMDV Danastas Iranta (40 KHz sharral anasisa) (Nata 4)	
		51.210-51.390 MHz FM/DV Repeater Inputs (10 KHz channel spacing) (Note 4)	
		51.410-51.590 MHz FM/DV Simplex (Note 3) (Note 4)	
		51.510 MHz FM calling frequency	
		51.530 MHz GB2RS news broadcast and slow morse 51.650 & 51.750 MHz See Note 5 (25kHz aligned)	
		51.770 & 51.790 MHz See Note 5 (25KHz aligned)	
		51.810-51.990 MHz. FM/DV Repeater Outputs (IARU aligned channels)	
		1.010 01.000 Mil IZ. 1 Ma D 1 (topodici Odipaio (in ino dilignod ondimolo)	
Note 1: Only to be used between stations in different continents (not for intra-European QSOs).			
•		ared with Propagation Beacons. These are due to be migrated by Aug-2014	
	•	more space for Telegraphy and a new Synchronised Beacon Project	
		innel centre frequencies start at 51.430 MHz.	
Note 4: Embedded d	lata traffic is allov	wed with digital voice (DV)	

Note 4: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)

Note 5: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note 5: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note-6: Digital Experiments to support innovation may occur at 50.6, 51.0 or 51.7 MHz with a 100kHz maximum bandwidth

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service 50.0-51.0 MHz - Primary User.

Amateur Service 51.0-52.0 MHz - Secondary User: 100W (20dBW) max

Available on the basis on non-interference to other services (inside or outside the UK).

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

70 MHz (4m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage (Note 1)		
70.000-70.090 MHz	1 kHz	Propagation Beacons only		
70.000-70.090 WITIZ	I KIIZ	Propagation beacons only		
70.090-70.100	1 kHz	Personal Beacons		
70.100-70.250	2.7 kHz	Narrow Band modes		
		70.185 MHz Cross-band activity centre		
		70.200 MHz CW/SSB calling		
		70.250 MHz MS calling		
70.250-70.294	12 kHz	All Modes		
10.230-10.234	12 KI IZ	70.260 MHz AM/FM calling		
		70.270 MHz MGM centre of activity		
		10.270 WH 22 WOW CONTRO OF ACTIVITY		
70.294-70.500	12 kHz	All modes channelised operations using 12.5 kHz spacing.		
		70.3000 MHz		
		70.3125 MHz Digital modes		
		70.3250 MHz DX Cluster		
		70.3375 MHz Digital modes		
		70.3500 MHz Internet voice gateway (Note 2)		
		70.3625 MHz Internet voice gateway		
		70.3750 MHz See Note 2		
		70.3875 MHz Internet voice gateway		
		70.4000 MHz See Note 2		
		70.4125 MHz Internet voice gateway		
		70.4250 MHz FM simplex - used by GB2RS news broadcast		
		70.4375 MHz Digital modes (special projects)		
		70.4500 MHz FM calling		
		70.4625 MHz Digital modes		
		70.4750 MHz		
		70.4875 MHz Digital modes		
		or countries may be influenced by restrictions in their national allegations		

Note 1: Usage by operators in other countries may be influenced by restrictions in their national allocations

Note 2: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service 70.0-70.5 MHz Secondary User: 160W (22dBW) Maximum

Available on the basis of non-interference to other services (inside or outside the UK).

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2019)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

144MHz (2m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
144.000-144.025MHz	2700Hz	All modes - including Satellite downlinks
144.025-144.100 MHz	500Hz	Telegraphy (including EME CW)
		144.050 MHz Telegraphy Centre of Activity
		144.100 MHz Random MS telegraphy calling (Note 1)
144.100-144.150	500Hz	Telegraphy and MGM
		EME MGM activity (Note 7)
144.150-144.400	2700Hz	Telegraphy, MGM and SSB
144.150-144.400	270002	144.200 MHz Random MS SSB
		144.250 MHz GB2RS news broadcast and slow Morse
		144.260 MHz See Note 10
		144.300 MHz SSB Centre of Activity
		144.370 MHz MGM MS calling
		·
144.400-144.490		Propagation Beacons only
144.490-144.500		Beacon guard band
		144.491-144.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
144.500-144.794	20 kHz	All Modes (Note-8)
144.000 144.704	20 10 12	144.500 MHz Image Modes (SSTV, Fax etc)
		144.600 MHz Data Centre of Activity (MGM, RTTY etc)
		144.6125 MHz UK Digital Voice (DV) calling (Note 9)
		144.625-144.675 MHz See Note 10
		144.750 MHz ATV Talk-back
		144.775-144.794 MHz See Note 10
144.794-144.990	12 kHz	MGM / Digital Communications
		144.800-144.9875 MHz Digital modes (including unattended)
		144.8000 MHz Unconnected nets - APRS, UiView etc (Note 14)
		144.8125 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8250 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel) 144.8375 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8500 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8625 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		177.0020 WHZ DV Internet voice gateway (IAIXO common charmer)
		144.9250 MHz Digital usage
		144.9375 MHz Digital usage
		144.9500 MHz Digital usage
		144.9625 MHz FM Internet voice gateway
		144.9750, 144.9875 MHz tbd (Note 11)
144.990-145.1935	12 kHz	FM/DV RV48 - RV63 Repeater input exclusive (Note 2) (Note 5)
145.200	12 kHz	FM/DV Space communications (e.g. I.S.S.) - Earth-to-Space
145.200-145.5935	12 kHz	145.2000 MHz (Note 4) & (Note 10) FM/DV V16-V47 FM/DV simplex (Note 3) (Note 5) (Note-6)
145.200-145.5955	12 KHZ	145.2250 MHz See Note 10
		145.2375 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.2500 MHz Used for slow Morse transmissions
		145.2875 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.3375 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.5000 MHz FM calling (Note 12)
		145.5250 MHz Used for GB2RS news broadcast.
		145.5500 MHz Used for rally/exhibition talk-in
		145.5750, 145.5875 MHz (Note 11)
145.5935-145.7935	12 kHz	FM/DV RV48 - RV63 Repeater output (Note 2)
145.800	12 kHz	FM/DV Space communications (e.g. I.S.S.) - Space-Earth
145.806-146.000	12 kHz	All Modes - Satellite exclusive
N. 4. 4. M. 4. W.		a place up to 26kHz higher than the reference frequency

- Note 1: Meteor scatter operation can take place up to 26kHz higher than the reference frequency.
- Note 2: 12.5kHz channels numbered RV48-RV63. RV48 input = 145.000 MHz, output=145.600 MHz.
- Note 3: 12.5kHz simplex channels numbered V16-V47. V16=145.200 MHz.
- Note 4: Emergency Communications Groups utilising this frequency should take steps to avoid interference to ISS operations in non-emergency situations.
- Note 5: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)
- Note 6: Simplex use only no DV gateways
- Note 7: EME activity using MGM is commonly practised between 144.110-144.160 MHz
- Note 8: Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable within the All Modes segment. AM usage is typically found on 144.550MHz.

 Users should consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies
- Note 9: In other countries IARU Region-1 recommend 145.375 MHz
- Note 10: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events
- Note 11: May be used for repeaters in other IARU Region-1 countries
- Note 12: DV users are asked not to use this channel, and use 144.6125 MHz for calling. Note 13: not used
 Note 14: 144.800 use should be NBFM to avoid interference to 144.8125 DV Gateways
- LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.
 - Beacons may be established for DF competitions except within 50 km of TA 012869 (Scarborough)

146 MHz

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

Access to this band requires an appropriate NoV, which is available to Full Licensees only

Note that the current NoVs last for up to one year prior to expiry on 31st October For further information see the 146-147 MHz FAQ or contact vhf.manager@rgsb.org.uk

146-147MHz (2m extension)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
146.000-146.900	500kHz	Wideband Digital Modes (High speed data , DATV etc)
		146.500 MHz Centre frequency for wideband modes (Note 1)
146.900-147.000	12kHz	Narrowband Digital Modes including Digital Voice
		146.9000 146.9125
		146.9250
		146.9375 Not available in/near Scotland (see Licence Notes & NoV terms)
		146.9500
		146.9625
		146.9750
		146.9875

Note-1: Users of wideband modes must ensure their spectral emissions are contained with the band limits

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only, with NoV, 50W erp max - not available in the Isle of Man or Channel Isles

Note that additional restrictions on geographic location, antenna height and upper frequency limit are specified by the NoV terms

It should be emphasised that this band is UK-specific and is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

Upper Band limit 147.000 MHz (or 146.93750 where applicable) are absolute limits and not centre frequencies

The absolute band frequency limit in or within 40km of Scotland is 146.93750 MHz - see NoV schedule

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2020)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

430MHz (70cm)	Necessary	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth	OK Osage
430.0000-431.9810 MHz		430.0125-430.0750 MHz FM Internet voice gateways (Notes 7, 8)
All modes		430.250-430.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Outputs
430.4000-430.5750		430.400-430.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Inputs
digital links 430.6000-430.9250		430.8000 MHz 7.6 MHz Talkthrough (Note 10)
digital repeaters		430.8250-430.9750 MHz RU66-RU787.6 MHz split repeaters – outputs
3		See licence exclusion note#31-432 MHz
		430.9900-431.9000 MHz Digital Communications
		431.0750-431.1750 MHz DV Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
432.0000-432.1000	500 Hz	432.0500 MHz Telegraphy centre of activity
Telegraphy, MGM	000112	Toblesoo Mine Tolography control of doubly
432.1000-432.4000	2700 Hz	432.2000 MHz SSB centre of activity
SSB, Telegraphy, MGM		432.3500 MHz Microwave talkback (Europe) 432.3700 MHz FSK441 calling frequency
432.4000-432.4900	500 Hz	Propagation Beacons only
		432.491-432.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
432.5000-432.9940 All modes	25 kHz (Note 11)	432.5000 MHz Narrow band SSTV activity centre 432.6250-432.6750 MHz Digital communications (25 kHz channels)
Non-channelised	(Note 11)	432.7750 MHz 1.6 MHz Talkthrough - Base TX (Note 10)
432.9940-433.3810	25 kHz	433.0000-433.3750 MHz (RB0-RB15) RU240-RU270
FM repeater outputs	(Note 11)	FM/DV repeater outputs (25 kHz channels) in UK only
in UK only (Note 1) 433.3940-433.5810	25 kHz	433.4000 MHz U272; IARU Region 1 SSTV (FM/AFSK)
433.3340-433.3010	(Note 11)	433.4250 MHz U274
FM/DV (Notes 12, 13)	,	433.4500 MHz U276 (Note 5)
Simplex		433.4750 MHz U278
Channels		433.5000 MHz
		433.5500 MHz U284 Used for Rally/Exhibition talk-in
		433.5750 MHz U286
433.6000-434.0000 All modes		433.6250-6750 MHz Digital communications (25 kHz channels) 433.7000-433.7750 MHz (Note 10)
433.800 MHz for		433.7000-433.7730 MHZ (Note 10)
APRS where 144.800		433.8000-434.2500 MHz Digital communications & Experiments
MHz cannot be used.		
	05111	Indiana I B N N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N N B N N B N N B
434.000-434.5940	25 kHz (Note 11)	434.0000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage 433.9500-434.0500 MHz Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
	(11010 11)	I month to the gale mayo (1616 6)
		434.3750 MHz 1.6 MHz Talkthrough - Mobile TX (Note 10)
		434.4750-434.5250 MHz DV Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
434.5940-434.9810	25 kHz	434.6000-434.9750 MHz (RB0-RB15) RU240-RU270
FM repeater inputs in UK	(Note 11)	FM/DV repeater inputs (25 kHz channels) in UK only (Note 12).
	,	
435.0000-438.0000		Satellites and fast scan TV (Note 4)
		437.0000 Experimental DATV Centre of Activity (Note 14)
438.0000-440.0000		438.0250-438.1750 MHz IARU Region 1 Digital communications
All modes		438.2000-439.4250 MHz (Note 1)
		438.4000 MHz 7.6 MHz Talkthrough (Note 10)
		438.4250-438.5750 MHz RU66-RU78 7.6MHz split repeaters –inputs 438.6125 MHz UK DV calling (Note 12) (Note 13)
		438.8025 MHz UK DV calling (Note 12) (Note 13) 438.8000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
		439.6000-440.0000 MHz Digital communications
		439.250-439.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Inputs
		439.400-439.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Outputs
11 1 1 2 2 1 1 2		reposter inputs art/31 050.431 825 MHz with 25 kHz enacing and outputs

Note 1: In Switzerland, Germany and Austria, repeater inputs are 31.050-431.825 MHz with 25 kHz spacing and outputs 438.650-439.425 MHz. In Belgium, France and the Netherlands repeater outputs are 430.025-430.375 MHz with 12.5 kHz spacing and inputs at 431.625-431.975 MHz. In other European countries repeater inputs are 433.000-433.375 MHz with 25 kHz spacing

and outputs at 434.600-434.975 MHz, i.e. the reverse of the UK allocation.

Note 2: 430-440 MHzFM/DV maximum bandwidths are 12.5 or 25 kHz as appropriate

Note 4: ATV carrier frequencies shall be chosen to avoid interference to other users, in particular the satellite

service and repeater inputs.

Note 5: In other countries IARU Region-1 recommend 433.450 MHz for DV calling

Note 7: Users must accept interference from repeater output channels in France and the Netherlands at 430.025-430.575 MHz.

Users with sites that allow propagation to other countries (notably France and the Netherlands) must survey the proposed

frequency before use to ensure that they will not cause interference to users in those countries.

Note 8: All Internet voice gateways: 12.5kHz channels, maximum deviation +-2.4kHz, maximum erp 5W (7 dBW),

attended-only operation in the presence of the NoV holder.

Note 10: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note 11: IARU Region 1 recommended maximum bandwidths are 12.5 or 20 kHz

Note 12: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)

Note 13: Simplex use only - no DV gateways

Note 14: QPSK 2 Mega-symbols/second maximum recommended

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service: Secondary User. Amateur Satellite Service 435-438MHz: Secondary User

Exclusion: 431-432 MHz not available within 100km radius of Charing Cross, London.

Power Restriction: 430-432 MHz is 40W erp maximum

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2020)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

1.3 GHz (23cm)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
1240.000-1240.500	2700Hz	Alternative narrowband segment - see Note 7 1240.00-1240.750 MHz	
1240.500-1240.750		Alternative Propagation Beacon Segment	
1240.750-1241.000	20kHz	FM/DV Repeater Inputs	
1241.000-1241.750 All modes	150 kHz	DD High Speed Digital Data - 5 x 150kHz channels 1241.075, 1241.225, 1241.375, 1241.525, 1241.675 MHz (+/- 75 kHz)	
1241.750-1242.000 All modes	20kHz	25 kHz Channels available for FM/DV use 1241.775-1241.975 MHz	
1242.000-1249.000 ATV		TV Repeaters (Note 9) New DATV repeater inputs (Note-10) Original ATV repeater inputs: 1248, 1249	
1249.000-1249.250	20kHz	FM/DV Repeater Outputs, 25kHz channels (Note 9) 1249.025-1249.225 MHz	
1250.00		In order to prevent interference to Primary Users, caution must be exercised prior to using 1250-1290MHz in the UK	
1,260.000-1,270.000 Satellites		Amateur Satellite Service - Earth to Space uplinks only	
1290.00			
1290.994-1291.481	20 kHz	FM/DV Repeater Inputs (Note-5) 1291.000-1291.375 MHz (RM0-RM15) 25 kHz spacing	
1291.494-1296.000 All modes		All Modes	
1296.000-1296.150 Telegraphy, MGM	500 Hz	Preferred narrowband segment 1296.000-1296.025 MHz Moonbounce	
1296.150-1296.800 Telegraphy, SSB and MGM (Note 1)	2700 Hz	1296.200 MHz Narrow band centre of activity 1296.400-1296.600 MHz Linear transponder input 1296.500 MHz Image Mode Centre of Activity (SSTV, Fax etc) 1296.600 MHz Narrowband Data Centre of Activity (MGM, RTTY etc) 1296.600-1296.700 MHz Linear transponder output	
		1296.741-1296.743 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons 1296.750-1296.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max	
1296.800-1296.994		1296.800-1296.990 MHz Propagation Beacons only	
Beacons exclusive			
1296.994-1297.481	20 kHz	FM/DV Repeater Outputs (Note-5) 1297.000-1297.375 MHz (RM0-RM15)	
1297.494-1297.981	20 kHz	FM/DV Simplex (Note-5)(Note-6) 25 kHz spacing 1297.500-1297.750 MHz (SM20-SM30)	
FM/DV simplex (Notes 2, 5, 6)		1297.725 MHz Digital Voice (DV) Calling (IARU recommended) 1297.900-1297.975 MHz FM Internet voice gateways (IARU common channels, 25kHz)	
1298.000-1299.000 All modes	20 kHz	All Modes General mixed analogue or digital use in channels 1298.025-1298.975 MHz (RS1-RS39)	
1299.000-1299.750 All modes	150 kHz	DD High Speed Digital Data - 5 x 150kHz channels 1299.075, 1299.225, 1299.375, 1299.525, 1299.675 MHz (+/- 75 kHz)	
1299.750-1300.000 All modes	20 kHz	25 kHz Channels available for FM/DV use 1299.775-1299.975 MHz	
1300.000-1325.000 ATV		TV repeaters (UK only) (Note 9) New DATV repeater outputs (Note-10) Original ATV repeater outputs: 1308.0, 1310.0, 1311.5, 1312.0, 1316.0, 1318.5 MHz Jose should operate between 1296.500-1296.800 MHz during contests and band openings.	

Note 1: Local traffic using narrow band modes should operate between 1296.500-1296.800 MHz during contests and band openings.

Note 2: Stations in countries that do not have access to 1298-1300 MHz may also use the FM simplex segment

for digital communications.

Note 5: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)
Note 6: Simplex use only - no DV gateways

Note 7: 1240.000-1240.750 has been designated by IARU as an alternative centre for narrowband activity and beacons

Operations in this range should be on a flexible basis to enable coordinated activation of this alternate usage

Note 8: The band 1240-1300MHz is subject to major replanning. Contact the Microwave Manager for further information

Note 9: Repeaters and Migration to DATV, inc option for new DATV simplex are subject to further development and coordination

Note-10: QPSK 4 Mega-symbols/second maximum recommended LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service: Secondary User:

Amateur Satellite Service: 1,260-1,270 MH**Secondary User** Earth to Space only: In the sub-band 1,298-1,300 MHz unattended operation is not allowed within 50km of SS206127 (Bude),

SE202577 (Harrogate), or in Northern Ireland.

2300 MHz

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

Access to this band requires an appropriate NoV, which is available to Full Licensees only

Please note that the current NoVs last for up to three years prior to expiry For further information see the RSGB Website

2300-2302 MHz	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
2300.000-2300.400	2.7 kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM)
		2300.350-2300.400 Attended Beacons
2300.400-2301.800	500 kHz	Wideband Modes (NBFM, DV, Data , DATV etc) - Note-1
		Note-2 for centre frequency recommendations
2301.800-2302.000	2.7kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM)
		EME Usage

Note-1: Users of wideband modes must ensure their spectral emissions are contained with the band limits

Note-2: Recommended centre frequencies: DV/NBFM Voice etc 2300.500 MHz, Wideband Data/DATV - 2301.100 MHz

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only, with NoV, 400W max - not available in the Isle of Man

Note that additional restrictions on usage are specified by the NoV terms

It should be emphasised that this is UK-specific and is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2015)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

2.3 GHz (13cm)	Necessary		UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth		
2,310.000-2,320.000 MHz			
Sub-regional	200 kHz	2,310.000-2,310.500 MHz	Repeater links
(National band plans)			
		2,311.000-2,315.000 MHz	High speed data
		Preferred Narrowband Se	gment
2,320.000-2,320.150	500 Hz	2,320.000-2,320.025 MHz	Moonbounce
2,320.150-2,320.800	2.7 kHz	2,320.200 MHz	SSB centre of activity
		2,320.750-2,320.800 MHz	Local Beacons, 10W erp max
2,320.800-2,321.000		2,320.800-2,320.990 MHz	Propagation Beacons only
Beacons exclusive			
2,321.000-2,322.000	20 kHz	FM/DV - see also Note 1	
2,322.000-2,350.000		Wideband Modes, including	ng data, ATV
2,390.000-2,400.000		All modes	
2,400.000-2,450.000		2,435.000 MHz	ATV repeater outputs
Satellites		2,440.000 MHz	ATV repeater outputs

Note 1: Stations in countries which do not have access to the all modes section 2,322-2,400 MHz, may use the segment 2,321-2,322 MHz for data transmission.

Note 2: Stations in countries that do not have access to the narrow band segment 2,320-2,322 MHz, use the alternative narrow band segments 2,304-2,306 MHz, 2,308-2,310 MHz and 2400-2402 MHz

Note 3: The segment 2,433-2,443 MHz may be used for ATV if no satellite is using the segment.

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service -Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.

Amateur Satellite Service: 2,400-2,450 MHz - Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users

Operation in 2310-2350 and 2390-2400 MHz are subject to specific conditions and guidance

In the sub-bands 2,310.000-2,310.4125 and 2,392-2,450 MHz

 $unattended\ operation\ is\ not\ allowed\ within\ 50km\ of\ SS206127\ (Bude)\ or\ SE202577\ (Harrogate).$

ISM = Industrial, scientific and medical.

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2015)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

3.4 GHz (9cm)	Necessary	UK Usage			
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth				
3,400.000-3,401.000 MHz	2.7 kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM, EME)			
		3,400.100 MHz Centre of activity (Note 1)			
		3,400.750-3,400.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max			
3,400.800-3,400.995		3,400.800-3,400.995 MHz			
Propagation Beacons					
3,400.000-3,401.000 MHz	200 kHz	3,401.000-3,402.000 MHz Data, Remote control			
3,402.000-3,410.000		Wideband Modes, including DATV Repeater Outputs			
All modes (Notes 2, 3)					
Note 1: EME has migrated to	Note 1: EME has migrated from 3456 MHz to 3400 MHz to promote harmonised usage and activity				
Note 2: Stations in many Eu	uropean countrie	es have access to 3400-3410 MHz as permitted by ECA Table Footnote EU17			
Note 3: Amateur Satellite downlinks planned					
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service - Secondary User - Subject to specific conditions and guidance					

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

5.7 GHz (6cm)	Necessary	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth	
5,650.000-5,668.000 MHz		All Modes
Satellite uplinks		Amateur Satellite Service - Earth to Space only
5,668.000-5,670.000	2.7kHz	5,668.200 MHz Alternative narrowband centre
5,670.000-5,680.000		All Modes
5.755.000-5,760.000		All Modes
5,760.000-5,762.000	2.7kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW, SSB, MGM, EME)
		5,760.100 MHz Preferred centre of activity
		5,760.750-5,760.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max
5760.800-5760.995		5,760.800-5,760.995 MHz Propagation Beacons only
Propagation Beacons		
5,762.000-5,765.000		All Modes
5,820.000-5,830.000		All Modes
5,830.000-5,850.000		All Modes
Satellite downlinks		Amateur Satellite Service - Space to Earth only
LICENCE NOTES: Amatau	r Service: 5 650	 0-5,680 MHz - Secondary User.
	,	5.850 MHz - Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.
		ice: 5,650-5,670 MHz and 5,830-5,850 MHz Secondary User: Users must accept
	rence from ISM	
		s permitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons, except in the sub-bands
		n 50 km of SS206127 (Bude) and SE202577 (Harrogate).
ISM = Industrial, scien		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
13IVI = 1	riuusirial, scieri	unc and medical

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2015)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

10 GHz (3cm)	Necessary	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth	
10,000.000-10,125.000 MHz		Note-4
All modes		10,065 MHz ATV Repeater Outputs
10,225.000-10,250.000 All modes 10,250.000-10,350.000 Digital modes 10,350.000-10,368.000		10,240 MHz ATV Repeaters 10,352.5-10,368 MHz Wideband modes (Note-2)
All modes 10,368.000-10,370.000 Narrowband telegraphy EME/SSB	2.7 kHz	10,368-10,370 MHz Narrowband modes (Note-3) 10,368.1 MHz Centre of activity 10,368.750-10,368.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max
10,368.800-10,368.995		10,368.800-10,368.995 MHz Propagation Beacons only
Propagation Beacons		10,500.000-10,500.995 WII IZ FIOPAGATION BEACONS ONLY
10,370.000-10,450.000 All modes 10,450.000-10,475.000 All modes and satellites 10,475.000-10,500.000 All modes and satellites		10,371 MHz Voice repeaters RX 10,425 MHz ATV Repeaters 10,400-10,475 MHz Unattended operation 10,450-10,452 MHz Alternative narrowband segment (Note-3) 10,471 MHz Voice repeaters TX Amateur Satellite Service ONLY (Note-5)
Note 1: Deleted Note 2: Wideband FM is prefi Note 3: 10450 MHz is used a	s an alternative	0,350-10,400 MHz to encourage compatibility with narrowband systems narrowband segment in countries where 10,368 MHz is not available eased Primary User utilisation and NoV restrictions
	s allocated ONL	Y to the Amateur Satellite Service and NOT to the Amateur Service.
Amateur : Unattend except in	Satellite Service ed operation is p the sub-bands 1	tary User. Foundation Licensees Tw max: 10,450-10,500 MHz - Secondary User. ermitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons 0,000-10,125 MHz within 50 km of SO916223 (Cheltenham), 6640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

12mm

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

24 GHz (12mm)	UK Usage				
IARU Recommendation					
24,000.000-24,050.000 MHz					
Satellites	24,025 MHz Preferred operating frequency wideband equipment 24,048.2 MHz Narrow band center of activity 24,048.750-24,048.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max				
24,048.800-24,048.995	24,048.800-24,048.995 MHz				
Propagation Beacons					
24,050.000-24,250.000					
All modes					
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur S	Service: 24,000-24,050 MHz - Primary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.				
	24,050-24,150 MHz Secondary User : May only be used with the written permission of Ofcom.				
Users must accept interference from ISM users.					
24,150-24,250 MHz Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.					
Amateur Satellite Service: 24,000-24,050 MHz Primary User: Users must accept intereference from ISM users.					
Unattended operation is permitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons, except					
in the sul	p-bands 24,000-24,050 MHz within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).				
ISM = Inc	dustrial, scientific and medical				

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

6mm

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2009)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

47 GHz (6mm)	UK Usage			
IARU Recommendation				
47,000.000-47,200.000 MHz	47,088.2 MHz Centre of narrowband activity			
47,088.000-47,090.000	47,088.8-47,089.0 MHz Propagation Beacons only			
narrow band segment				
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur S	Service and Amateur Satellite Service Primary User.			
Unattended operation is permitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons, except within 50 km of				
SK98564	0 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).			
	· ·			

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

4mm

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2012)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

76 GHz (4mm)	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	
75,500-76,000 MHz	
All modes (preferred)	75,976.200 MHz IARU Region 1 preferred centre of activity
76,000.000-77,500.000	
All modes	
77,500-78,000	77,500.200 MHz Alternative IARU recommended Narrowband segment
All modes (preferred)	
78,000-81,000	
All modes	
LICENCE NOTES:	
75,500-75,875 MHz Amat	eur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.
75,875-76,000 MHz Amat	eur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.
76,000-77,500 MHz Amat	eur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.
77,500-78,000 MHz Amat	teur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - Primary User.
78,000-81,000 MHz Amat	eur service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.
Ur	nattended operation is permitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons, except within 50 km of
Sł	(985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

Notes to the Band Plan

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

2mm down

RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st January 2020)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

134 GHz (2mm)	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	
134,000-134,928 MHz	
All modes	
134,928 -134,930 Narrowband modes	IARU Region-1 preferred centre of activity
	134,928.800 - 134,928.990 Propagation Beacons Only
134,930 -136,000 All modes	
LICENCE NOTES:	
	nateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - Primary User. Unattended operation is permitted for remote control, digital modes and beacons, except within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

The following bands are also allocated to the Amateur Service and the Amateur Satellite Service:-			
122,250-123,000 MHz	Amateur Service only, Secondary User		
136,000-141,000 MHz	Secondary User		
241,000-248,000 MHz	Secondary User		
248,000-250,000 MHz	Primary User		

Notes to the Band Plan

Note-1: Access to frequencies >275 GHz by Full Licensees is also possible by NoV

ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.